

Hills Road Sixth Form College Cambridge

REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 July 2021

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Reference and Administrative Details

Corporation (Board of Governors)

M Cismas (from 9 June 2021)

A Clark (from 3 February 2021)

J Cross

A Dav

J Evans

E Fletcher (from 3 February 2021)

I Harvey

W Menon

A Minson

H Odell-Miller (to 11 December 2020)

A Omo

C Philbin (from 1 August 2021)

J Sterlina

R Tahir (from 8 December 2020)

J Taylor

K Taylor

J Trump

C Twilley

E Uygen (from 1 August 2021)

A Wallis (to 24 March 2021)

F Williams

Clerk to the Corporation

R Smith

Senior Management Team

Principal and Accounting Officer J Trump

N Dartnell Deputy Principal

T Roden Assistant Principal (Finance and Operations)

I Prver Assistant Principal (Quality & Systems)

A Talbot Assistant Principal (Curriculum Development) (from 7 June 2021)

Principal and Registered Office Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 8PE

Professional Advisers

External auditor Buzzacott LLP

Internal auditors MHA MacIntrye Hudson

Solicitors **Eversheds LLP**

Bankers Barclays Bank, 9-11 St Andrews Street, Cambridge

Nature, Objectives and Strategies

The members present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021.

Legal status

The Corporation, which was incorporated as Hills Road Sixth Form College, was established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992, for the purpose of governing Hills Road Sixth Form College. The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011.

Regulatory status

The College receives funding for its 16-18 year old students, from the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA). The ESFA is an executive agency of the Department for Education, and its responsibilities include audit assurance and the monitoring of financial performance.

College's Mission

The College's mission statement, as approved by its Members is:

To provide an education distinguished by opportunity, quality and achievement for all our students within a caring college community.

Public Benefit

The College is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011, and following the Machinery of Government changes in July 2016, is regulated by the Secretary of State for Education. The members of the Corporation, who are trustees of the charity, are disclosed on pages 14-15.

In setting and reviewing the College's strategic objectives, the Corporation has had due regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit, and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirement that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit.

In delivering its mission, the College provides the following identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education:

- high quality teaching within a broad based curriculum;
- strong student support, guidance and enrichment activities;
- excellent examination outcomes;
- successful progression for students to their preferred destination; for the vast majority, this is a higher education establishment;
- links with employers.

Implementation of the strategic plan

The College's current strategic plan for the period 2020-24, was approved by the Corporation on 14 July 2020 and took effect from September 2020. Members of the Corporation reviewed the Strategic Plan, Risk Register and Financial Forecasts to ensure that resources exist to support the College's strategic objectives and review and update the plan each year to create a rolling plan. The new strategic aims are as follows:

- 1. To enhance quality through delivery of the curriculum map to develop
 - a. Creative and confident learners
 - b. Resourceful and resilient individuals
 - c. Responsible and active citizens
- 2. To improve the environment by creating a 21st Century working and learning environment
- 3. To respond to demography and adjust the College's mission appropriately to the rising demographic need

Financial Objectives

In order to maintain a sound financial base the College, including its subsidiary, Cantabrigian Ltd, will aim to:

- maintain a two year cashflow forecast issued monthly to Corporation members and College Strategy Team as part of the monthly management accounts cycle;
- maintain a positive cashflow from operating activities each year (except where significant construction costs are planned, and only with Corporation approval);
- maintain education specific earnings of at least £400,000 before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation costs;
- maintain a positive underlying operating position before FRS102 adjustments and exceptional items;
- achieve an adjusted current ratio of at least 2.0;
- maintain total borrowing as a percentage of income at no more than 15%;
- maintain the ratio of borrowings to adjusted operating surplus for performance ratio at no more than 5:1 (bank covenant);
- available cashflow to be no less than 100% of debt servicing costs (bank covenant);
- maintain cash days of 30 or more;
- retain its financial health assessment at 'good' or 'outstanding'; and
- ensure the Chair of the Corporation and the College Strategy Team monitor financial performance on a monthly basis and take any necessary corrective action.

Performance Indicators

The College produces an annual Self-Assessment Report which is presented to the Corporation at a meeting in the Autumn term. The report comprises a summary of findings and self-assessment judgements together with findings from an evaluation process, feedback from learners and a range of performance measures relating to key areas of the College's activity.

The College has a national reputation for the quality of its provision; it was inspected by Ofsted in November 2006 and was the first college to be awarded 'outstanding' status as a consequence of receiving grade 1 in all five inspection areas. As was evident to Ofsted in that inspection, and since, the College's success rates are amongst the strongest in the country. Subsequent desk monitoring exercises and visits by Ofsted to look at specific areas of the curriculum have confirmed the College's 'outstanding' status.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Financial results

The "underlying" operating position (excluding exceptional items) has improved since last year and this is despite the ongoing Covid-19 impact, particularly affecting Adult Education fees and Lettings. Exceptional items are not part of normal operations and they include pension adjustments for the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). The summary outturn for the College (not Group) is as follows:

	2020-21 £'000	2019-20 £'000
Statutory Accounts deficit (College)	(172)	(175)
Impact of LGPS FRS 102 accounting	793	535
Underlying operating surplus after exceptional items	621	360

As a Group, after exceptional items, Hills Road Sixth Form College has recorded a **deficit** on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation, tax and pension costs, of £118k in 2020-21 (2019-20: £165k deficit). Included is a profit of £54k (2019-20: £10k) from the trading subsidiary, Cantabrigian Limited, which operates as Hills Road Sports and Tennis Centre. The contribution from Cantabrigian this year remained depressed as a result of lockdowns and closure due to the Coronavirus.

The actuarial loss in relation to the College's defined benefit pension plans totalling £21k (2019-20: £2,475k) is presented on the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The total comprehensive income in the year is therefore recorded as a deficit of £139k in 2020-21 (2019-20: £2,640k deficit).

The Group has met its financial objectives for the year with a tangible fixed asset base of £21 million, accumulated general reserves of £6.6 million and cash balances of £3.4 million.

The business activities of the College's trading subsidiary, Cantabrigian Limited, are confined to the UK. The Corporation of the College owns 100% of the issued Ordinary Shares of Cantabrigian Limited at a cost of £2. The profit is gift aided to the College.

Treasury Management

The College treasury management policy provides the framework within which the College manages its investments and borrowings. This was last updated in July 2021. It is reviewed annually.

The Corporation approved a loan from Barclay's Bank to support Phase V of the College's Property Strategy of £1.62million in 2016. The total remaining loan balance at 31 July 2021, is £1.06 million.

Cash flows

Net cash inflow from operating activities was £1,714k (2019-20: £702k). After allowing for expenditure on capital, there was an increase in cash of £1,225k. (2019-20 increase of £267k).

Liquidity

The size of the Group's total borrowing and its approach to interest rate management, ensure a reasonable cushion between the total cost of servicing debt, and operating cashflow. Net funds at 31 July 2021, amounted to £3.4 million (2019-20 £2.2 million).

Reserves Policy

The general reserves at 31 July 2021 totalled £6.6 million (2019-20 £6.6 million), in addition to the revaluation reserve of £3.8 million and restricted reserve of £41,000, which comprises funds endowed for prizes for students.

The level of reserves are monitored throughout the year, as part of the normal monitoring and budgetary reporting processes. Management accounts, which includes a balance sheet and current and future year cashflow, are sent out to Corporation members monthly, and the most recent set of management accounts, are received and considered by the Corporation at least once a term.

Any significant changes to the reserves will have been reported to the Corporation well ahead of the change being implemented. Anticipated expenditure, which may affect reserves, is generally as a result of Strategic or Property Plans, which would have been discussed and approved at previous meetings, or through the Chair's delegated action. Any significant unexpected changes to the reserves are brought to the attention of the Corporation, as soon as is reasonably possible.

The College, in discussion with the Corporation, has considered the effect on reserves as a result of the pandemic, and having looked at plans, budgets and forecasts over the next few years, as well as the effect on 2020-21, is confident that the reserves will remain at a reasonable level.

Payment Performance

The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998 requires Colleges, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, to make payments to suppliers within 30 days of either the provision of goods or services, or the date on which the invoice was received. The target set by the Treasury for payment to suppliers within 30 days is 95%. The College incurred no interest charges in respect of late payment for this period. The College's creditor deferral interval at the year end, that is the time taken to pay its creditors, is just under 15 days.

Financial Health

The College has continually met the financial criteria and its financial returns have been consistently assessed as 'good' or 'outstanding' each year up to and including July 2020 and are self-assessed as 'outstanding' for the year 2020-21.

CURRENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Student Numbers

The College's funding allocation is calculated on the number of students enrolled and retained at the census date in the previous year i.e. 'lagged' funding. In 2020-21, the College was funded for 2,531 16-18 students, and had an out-turn of 2,642.

Examination Achievements

16-19

Due to Coronavirus all 2020-21 exams were cancelled for the second consecutive year. Centre Assessed Grades were used in lieu of examination results and deliver a stunning set of results.

	2021	2021
	HRSFC	National
A*	23.6%	19.1%
A* - B	71.1%	70.3%
A* - E	99.7%	99.5%

Adult Education

Adult Education revenue was significantly down on last year due to the reduction in courses, as a result of Covid-19. Pleasingly, the department was able to operate throughout the year (including during the third lockdown), with a number of courses moving online, but courses ran with reduced numbers and the Art and Recreation courses, in particular, were limited to onsite provision, which was not available during the Spring term.

IT developments during 2020-21

The impact of the pandemic on digital services in 2020-21, has resulted in some highly accelerated developments within IT. The College's response to the crisis of the pandemic emergency, has been a resounding success in terms of the ability to use digital platforms, and the resilience of the underlying infrastructure to support users well. This included providing a fully digital 'virtual' College to students, teachers and support teams as required.

Additional developments during 2020-21 include:

- A major system change project to ProSolution. This was essential and business critical and involved the movement of data and reporting structures from the Colleges legacy system (CIS), to equivalent modules in ProSolution;
- Creation and implementation of a new 'online enrolment' for new students;
- Delivery of a new online 'Guidance Platform' which colleagues used to carry out online meetings with prospective new students;

- Completion of the 'laptops for staff project' which ensured all teachers, and appropriate support staff, have a personal laptop. This is set up with 'always on' VPN, so that the experience of connecting from home or within College, is identical;
- Supported students with loans of College laptops, responding to surveyed need, and other requests for help;
- WiFi renewal project providing high speed WiFi throughout the College, without any 'dead spots', in addition to a WiFi security upgrade;
- Second internet line and firewall providing a fully redundant service;

Developments anticipated for 2021-22 include:

- A Suite of audio-visual refurbishment upgrades, equipping 25 classrooms with new wide screen projectors, monitors, screens and high-quality integrated speakers;
- Replacements of all the Music and Music Technology Mac computers;
- Implementation of a tape back-up system as a further security measure;

Estates

Over the summer of 2020 the Estates Department, working closely with other departments, prepared the College for the return of students in the autumn term. Sanitiser units were installed outside every classroom and at entrances, and signage was put up instructing students to comply with social distancing. Following the lockdown at the beginning of 2021, the Estates Department led on the establishment of a mass testing facility for all the students. Over 5,000 tests were carried out. The estates department also handed around 4,000 Covid-19 Lateral Flow Test Kits to students from March to July 2021. The College cleaning team undertook, and continue to undertake, increased cleaning duties throughout the College which has assisted the safe return to teaching for the staff and students as well as contributing to the College having no known transmission of Covid-19 within the College community.

On projects, the second of three sets of boilers that were in need of replacement was completed in summer 2020 in the Science Building. The third and final boiler replacement will be undertaken in the Greenhalgh Building in the summer of 2021.

In June 2021 the College appointed the main contractor, Borras Construction Ltd., to undertake a major refurbishment of the College's café and student dining space and the installation of a new suite of Gender Neutral Washrooms (GNWC) for the students, together with a new first aid room and staff shower. The GNWC element will be completed prior to the start of the autumn term 2021 with the café, including an extension into the Quad, being completed in November 2021.

A planning application has been submitted in the summer of 2021 for a new Study Centre building on the College site to provide a state-of-the-art SEND facility and new student study space. The Study Centre will be completed in 2022.

RESOURCES

The College is located on a six-acre site on a main arterial road into the City of Cambridge, which is about 1.5 miles to the north. The Sports and Tennis Centre is adjacent to the College on a three-acre site and in addition, ten acres of playing fields are located approximately 0.5 miles away.

The Group has £10.4 million of net assets including a pension liability of £6.7 million (2019-20: £5.9 million), deferred capital grants treated as a liability under FRS 102 of £5.2 million (2019-20: £5.3 million) and a loan relating to the construction of Phase V of the College's Property Strategy with an outstanding balance of £1.07 million (2019-20: £1.17 million).

Net current assets stand at £2.5 million (2019-20: £1.7 million) including deferred capital grants treated as a current liability under FRS 102 of £171,000 at the year end. None of the Group's assets are held with high credit risk banks.

During 2020-21, the College employed on average 350 staff, of which 214 are teaching staff and 136 are non-teaching staff. In addition, there are about 100 staff who are employed casually mainly as invigilators in the examination periods.

The College enjoys an excellent local, regional and national reputation as one of the top sixth form colleges in the country. The College has high retention and achievement rates for 16-19 students, and its examination results are acknowledged as being among the best in the country. Each year around 70 students successfully apply to Oxford and Cambridge universities, more than any other state school or college in the country. The College also has the highest number of students achieving AAB in 'facilitating subjects' at A level of any institution, state or independent, in the country.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The risk management policy of the College is to adopt best practices in the identification, evaluation and cost effective control of risks, to ensure that they are eliminated or reduced to an acceptable level.

The College's risk management objectives are to:

- integrate risk management into the culture of the College;
- manage risk in accordance with statutory and mandatory obligations and best practice;
- minimise the costs associated with risk in order to continue to fulfil the College's mission;
- anticipate and respond to changing social, environmental and legislative requirements; and
- raise awareness of the need for risk management.

The College's risk management procedures comply with the UK Corporate Governance Code. The College has systems to ensure that key risks are identified and formally reviewed on a termly basis by the College's Strategy Team. The risk management policy was updated and approved (July 2019) and the risk registers and Board Assurance Framework (BAF) were redesigned at the same time. These have been reviewed by the College Strategy Team, Audit Committee, Corporation and Internal Auditors regularly.

The main risk factors affecting the College are outlined below, not all factors are within the College's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect the College.

 Failure to respond sufficiently effectively or swiftly to the changing education landscape- including the rising demographic – leading to an enforced change of future mission or vision;

- Failure to monitor financial viability and maintain Group solvency;
- Failure to recruit and retain students;
- Failure to maintain student outcomes;
- Failure to recruit and retain high calibre staff;
- Failure to implement and adhere to employment legislation and best practice;
- Failure to maintain the quality of Teaching, Learning and Assessment;
- Increased pay costs associated with the teaching and support staff pay structure, NI, pay awards and pensions outstrips funding;
- Failure to ensure sufficient funds for maintenance or improvements to the estate negatively impacts student and staff recruitment and retention;
- Failure to undertake regular planned preventative maintenance;
- Breach of College Financial Regulations and failure to detect fraud;
- System loss as a result of hardware failure;
- Failure to ensure security of data;
- GDPR data breach;
- Over reliance on sole staff and/or bespoke systems;
- Software, hardware and IT/IS do not enhance teaching and learning;
- Safeguarding issues are not identified and actioned (including radicalisation);
- Being unable to meet the growing number of social and emotional mental ill health needs of our students';
- Poor Health and Safety practice; and
- Failure to respond quickly and effectively to the Coronavirus pandemic in terms of impact on alternative income streams, ability to run classes online, minimising risk of widespread infection (students and staff) and ensuring cleanliness and hygiene of the accommodation.

The College mitigates these risks through:

- Standing agenda item for each Corporation meeting to review financial performance, including the effect of the Coronavirus pandemic on finances;
- Robust challenge of financial budgets and forecasts undertaken by Corporation;
- In-year progress monitoring, including focus on FSM, Bursary, SEN and LAC students;
- Robust DSA process. Departments with weaker than expected results have clear improvement plans with support in place (including budgetary);
- Staff retention targets set for teaching and support staff, monitored and regularly reported to Corporation;
- Self-assessment and improvement planning and action plans in place for departments requiring improvement; and
- Political advocacy in conjunction with other SFCs.

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

In line with other colleges and with universities, Hills Road Sixth Form College has many stakeholders. These include:

- Cambridge Area 14-19 Partnership (CAP);
- Cambridge and Suffolk Schools Alliance (CASSA);
- Cambridge City and Cambridgeshire County Councils;
- Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA)
- Cambridge and Peterborough Combined Authority (CPCA);
- Local community;
- Local employers;
- Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP);

- Maple Group of Colleges (twelve leading sixth form colleges);
- Parents:
- Sixth Form Colleges' Association (SFCA);
- Sixth Form/FE Commissioner;
- · Regional Schools Commissioner;
- Staff;
- Students; and
- Universities.

The College recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with its stakeholders through the College website, by meetings, conferences and through its Enrolment and Induction days and Open Evenings.

Equality and Diversity

The College is committed to ensuring that all its members enjoy equality of opportunity within its community; the College is aware of its statutory responsibilities in this respect. The College's commitment to equality and diversity is embodied in a set of principles which underpins the College's Single Equality Scheme. Overall responsibility for all aspects of equality and diversity for the year ending 2021, was with the Deputy Principal who was supported in this work by the Equality and Diversity Lead, and the Equality and Diversity Project Role Officer.

As part of the Public Sector Equality Duty (section 149 of the Act), there is a requirement to review and update equality objectives once every four years. This review began in the Autumn term of 2017 and the 2018-2021 objectives were set; thus during 2020-21 they have formed the focus of equality and diversity work, facilitated by the Equality and Diversity Development Plan. An equality and diversity briefing is included in the induction programme for new staff and all existing staff receive regular updates including through the monthly electronic E&D newsletters and through the diversity diaries/calendars located in all base rooms.

The College publishes annually an Equality and Diversity Report and a Single Equality Scheme Action Plan, which incorporates equality objectives, to ensure compliance with the Equality Act 2010 and the Public Sector Equality Duty. The College undertakes equality impact analyses on all new policies and procedures; equality analyses are also undertaken for existing policies and procedures on a prioritised basis.

Equality and Diversity developments in the year include:

- Work on 'Close the Gap' for Chinese and Black students;
- Ensure that teaching staff continue to meet the needs of EHCP students;
- Introduce Respect and Tolerance into Tutorial programme;
- Launch 2020 Partnership coaching pilot for students who have been disadvantaged during the pandemic;
- Identify Young Carers on admission, so that they can be supported;
- Gender Neutral Toilet Facilities.

Disability Statement

The College is committed to promoting equality for disabled staff and students, seeking to create an environment that is open and accessible, where diversity and individual choice are celebrated, thus enabling all of its members to participate fully

in College life. The College seeks to achieve the objectives set down by the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 as amended by the Special Education Needs and Disability Acts 2001 and 2005, the Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 0-25 years 2014 and the Equality Act 2010.

Employment of Disabled Persons

The College is a 'Positive about Disabled' employer and has committed to the principles and objectives of the standard. The College considers all applications for employment from disabled persons bearing in mind the aptitudes of the individuals concerned. Where an existing employee becomes disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment within the College continues. The College's policy is to provide training, professional career development and opportunities for promotion for disabled persons, which are commensurate with those for non-disabled employees.

Trade Union Facility Time

The Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017, require the College to publish information on facility time arrangements for trade union officials at the College.

Number of employees who were relevant period	FTE employee number
2	1.70

Percentage of time	Number of employees
0%	0
1-50%	2
51-99%	0
100%	0

Total cost of facility time	£2,265
Total pay bill (before pension adjustments)	£10,619,000
Percentage of total bill spent on facility time	0.02%

Time spent of paid trade union activities as a percentage	100.0%
of total paid facility time	

Staff and Student Involvement and Consultation

The Members of the Corporation, the Principal and senior management fully accept their responsibility for important matters of policy. However, the College encourages employee involvement through the membership of a number of teams, the annual staff forum, support staff and part-time teaching staff meetings, staff meetings and briefings and through consultation on matters affecting the College's strategy and operation. There are two staff members on the Corporation, one from each of the teaching and support staff. The College encourages participation from students, one of whom, normally the Chair of the Student Council is a student member of the Corporation. The Student Council are consulted on a range of issues and are encouraged to bring forward proposals. Students are also involved in the appointment of new teaching staff with their feedback considered alongside that arising from other elements of the appointment process. The College also consults on particular issues by using focus groups of interested students and undertakes satisfaction surveys with both sixth form and adult students.

Training and Development of Staff

The College is committed to recruiting staff with excellent qualifications and appropriate experience. It recognises the importance of providing continuous professional development as an entitlement to all staff in order to develop the ability of each member of staff to contribute towards the achievement of the College's objectives and to sustain and enhance the high quality educational experience which the College provides for students. In addition to off-site training, the College has a staff development period in the Summer term each year, in which all staff participate in elective and compulsory sessions. The College is committed to maintaining a budget for training and development sufficient to realise its strategic aims.

Health and Safety

The College is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of its students and staff and expects all members of the College community, volunteers and visitors, to share this commitment. The College aims to ensure that relevant and effective safeguarding practices exist which are actively promoted. The College encourages students and staff to talk to the appropriate staff about concerns they may have regarding health, safety and welfare.

Health and safety at work is the responsibility of everyone at the College. All staff and students, with the appropriate support, training and supervision, are required to operate safe working practices and procedures and to work and study with due consideration for the safety of others.

The College has a Health and Safety team which meets termly to discuss and review health and safety issues and contributes to the development, implementation and monitoring of health and safety policy. Any significant health and safety matters are reported to the Corporation and an annual health and safety review is carried out by the Director of Estates and Facilities and presented to the Corporation. During 2020-21 there were no accidents or incidents that resulted in insurance claims.

The College fulfils its statutory responsibilities in respect of Safeguarding and Prevent and presents an annual report to the Corporation in the July meeting.

Going Concern

The College is financially robust with strong management supported by an independent board of Corporation members who have a range of skills and experience to bring to their oversight role. The Corporation receive monthly management accounts and review these at termly meetings, and the financial forecast and budget are reviewed and approved annually.

Despite the impact of Coronavirus affecting the alternative income streams (Adult Education, Lettings) by about £330k in 2020-21, the College reacted quickly to make significant savings in mothballing the site, minimising spending and furloughing staff, during lockdown 3.0. The significant effort made as soon as lockdown was announced, has shown how quickly the College can adapt and has resulted in excellent year-end figures.

The College has presented to Corporation robust and prudent finances for 2021-22 and 2022-23, to enable the College to respond appropriately over the next few years, whilst growing the site accommodation through its Property Strategy.

The College's local and national reputation for academic excellence, allows it to be confident in reaching its target student numbers. In addition, the College is confident in reaching its staffing targets, where costs are carefully managed and are always within a small margin against the annual budget. Cash balances are due to increase year on year (unless major building work is planned) as reported in the financial forecast (currently to 31 July 2022).

With continued popularity of the College, together with strong, experienced leadership, strong financial health for the foreseeable future, and effective oversight, the College believes it will be able to continue in operation, meet its liabilities and is confident in meeting the challenges it faces over forthcoming years.

Post-Balance Sheet Events

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There were no post-balance sheet events that require disclosure in the financial statements.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The members who held office at the date of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the College's auditors are unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the College's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation and signed on its behalf by:

Tony Minson

Chair 7 December 2021

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and accounts of the College to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The College endeavours to conduct its business:

- in accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership); and
- ii having due regard to the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018 ('the Code') insofar as it is applicable to the further education sector.

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. We have not adopted and therefore do not apply the UK Corporate Governance Code. However, we have reported on our Corporate Governance arrangements by drawing upon best practice available, including those aspects of the UK Corporate Governance Code we consider to be relevant to the further education sector and best practice.

The Corporation recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times.

The College is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011. The Members of the Corporation, who are also Trustees for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011, confirm that they have paid due regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and that the required statements appear elsewhere in these financial statements.

The Corporation

Members who served the Corporation during the year and up to the date of signature of this report were as follows:

Name	Date of Appointment	Term of Office	Date of Resignation/ Termination	Committee Memberships	Attendance including Committees
Miss M Cismas Student Nominée	9 June 2021	to 7 June 2022			100%
Mr A Clark	3 February 2021	4 years			100%
Mr J Cross	17 October 2018	4 years		Audit, Search & Governance	100%
Mr A Day	27 March 2019	4 years		Search & Governance	92%
Mr J Evans	1 January 2020	4 years			88%
Ms E Fletcher	3 February 2021	4 years			100%
Mr I Harvey Staff Nominée	5 June 2019	4 years			100%
Ms W Menon	30 October 2019	4 years		Audit	67%
Prof A Minson	10 February 2020	4 years		Remuneration, Search & Governance	100%
Prof H Odell- Miller	12 December 2016		11 December 2020		100%
Mr A Omo	18 October 2017 (reappointed 20 October 2021)	4 years		Audit	83%
Miss C Philbin	1 August 2021	4 years			-
Dr J Sterling	30 October 2019	4 years			100%
Mr R Tahir Staff Nominee	8 December 2020	4 years			60%

Name	Date of Appointment	Term of Office	Date of Resignation/ termination	Committees served	Attendance
Ms J Taylor	19 December 2020	to 31 July 2022		Audit, Remuneration	75%
Mr K Taylor	1 January 2020	4 years			100%
Ms J Trump Principal	18 April 2017	Sine die		Search & Governance	100%
Ms C Twilley Parent Member	10 December 2019		31 July 2021		100%
Mr E Uygen	1 August 2021	4 years			-
Anna Wallis Student Nominee	4 June 2020		24 March 2021		50%
Dr F Williams	13 December 2019		31 July 2021	Audit Search & Governance	100%

Mr R Smith, ACG, an independent chartered governance professional, acts as Clerk to the Corporation.

The average percentage attendance at Corporation meetings during the year was 89%. With committee attendance included it was 91%.

It is the Corporation's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the College together with other information such as performance against targets, proposed budgets and major capital expenditure, quality, curriculum and planning matters, equality and diversity information, safeguarding and Prevent, health and safety and environmental issues. The Corporation meets at least twice each term.

The Corporation conducts the majority of its business at its meetings and has three committees: Audit, Remuneration and Search & Governance. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Corporation. Full minutes of all meetings except those deemed to be confidential by the Corporation are available from the Clerk to the Corporation at Hills Road Sixth Form College, Hills Road, Cambridge, CB2 8PE and the approved minutes of meetings held since September 2007 can also be viewed on the College's website www.hillsroad.ac.uk.

The Clerk to the Corporation maintains a register of interests of all the members where there might be a potential conflict with their fiduciary duties. The register is available for inspection on the College website.

All Members of the Corporation may take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Corporation, who is responsible to the Corporation for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, appraisal and removal of the Clerk are responsibilities of the Corporation.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to Members of the Corporation in a timely manner prior to meetings. Briefings are also provided on an *ad-hoc* basis. The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There are clear divisions of responsibility in that the roles of the Corporation, the Principal of the College and the Clerk to the Corporation are exercised separately as provided in the Articles of Government.

Appointments to the Corporation

New appointments to the Corporation are a matter for consideration by the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation has a Search & Governance Committee which is responsible for the selection and nomination of candidates for appointment by the Corporation.

The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided to its members as required.

Members of the Corporation are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years; a second four-year term is possible, with total service not normally exceeding two terms.

Corporation Performance

Corporation attendance during the year from 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 was 89% (2019-20: 85%), that at all meetings (including committees) was 91% (2019-20: 83%). The Corporation reviewed the College Self-Assessment Report in the Autumn Term - student performance at the College continues to be very strong.

The Corporation reviewed an update of the College Management Accounts (including those of the subsidiary undertaking) at each meeting, reviewed the Annual Report and Accounts at a meeting in the Autumn Term, conducted a detailed examination of the estimates of income and expenditure for the following year and of the College's rolling two-year financial forecast at a meeting in the Summer Term, and oversaw the progress of various estate developments.

The Search & Governance Committee identified at a meeting held in the Summer Term recommendable candidates for appointment to vacancies on the Corporation.

The Audit Committee met to consider the annual report and accounts and the internal audit reports. It also met to oversee College and Corporation provision for risk management across the entire range of activities, and recommended the Board Assurance Framework to the Corporation.

Evidence of formal compliance with regulations may be found in the various minutes of the Corporation and its committees, all of which have been approved in accordance with regulation and which are *prima facie* evidence of the proceedings to which they relate, particularly those of the Audit Committee relating to compliance with financial control and reporting requirements, and the Search & Governance Committee relating to compliance with the procedures attending the appointment of members of the Corporation. The minutes of the Corporation record those decisions reserved to it under the Instrument and Articles of Government together with approvals, including any formal arrangements entered into with contractors, properly falling within its remit.

Evidence for assessing the exercise of each of the Corporation's responsibilities is also contained within the minutes of the Corporation and its committees which are approved as *prima facie* evidence of the proceedings to which they relate.

Remuneration Committee

Throughout the year ending 31 July 2021, the College's Remuneration Committee comprised the Chair and three other members of the Corporation. The Committee's responsibilities are to make recommendations to the Corporation on the remuneration and benefits of the Principal and other senior post-holders and the Clerk to the Corporation and, at appropriate times, to consider succession plans for senior posts.

Owing to the public health emergency, the Committee did not meet during the year. A matter which would ordinarily have formed its business (application of the nationally-agreed cost of living pay rise to three members of the senior staff and the Clerk to the Corporation) was approved by the Chair of the Corporation under Chair's Action.

Details of the remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2021 are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises between 3 and 6 members of the Corporation. The Chair of the Corporation and the Principal are not eligible for membership of the Committee but attend its proceedings if invited. The Committee is led by a Chair who is independent of the Corporation. The Committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation. Its purpose is to advise the Corporation on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of internal control and its arrangements for risk management control and governance processes.

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal and financial statement auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College or Corporation officers. The Committee also receives and considers reports from the main Further Education funding bodies as they affect the College's business.

The College's internal auditors review the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes, in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit Committee.

Management and, for the Corporation, the Clerk to the Corporation, are responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal audit undertakes periodic follow up reviews, to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit Committee also advises the Corporation on the appointment of internal and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work as well as reporting annually to the Corporation.

The Audit Committee has advised the board of governors that the Corporation has an effective framework for governance and risk management in place. The Audit Committee believes the Corporation has effective internal controls in place.

Internal Control

Scope of Responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material mis-statement or loss.

The Corporation has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which the Principal is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between the College and the funding bodies.

The Principal is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on a continuing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of College policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of

internal control has been in place in Hills Road Sixth Form College for the year ended 31 July 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal continuing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the period ended 31 July 2021, and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and forecasting systems with an annual budget and financial forecast, which is reviewed and agreed by the governing body;
- regular reviews by the governing body of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines; and
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The College has an internal audit service which operates in accordance with the requirements of the ESFA's Post-16 Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the College is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. At a minimum of annually, the Head of Internal Audit (HIA) provides the Corporation with a report on internal audit activity in the College. The report includes the Head of Internal Audit's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The Principal's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal auditors;
- the work of the managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- comments made by the College's financial statements and regularity auditors in their management letters and other reports.

receive regular reports from internal audit and other sources of assurance, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control.

The Corporation's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the senior management team and the Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance, not merely reporting by exception. At its December 2021 meeting, the Corporation carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2021 by considering documentation from the Audit Committee, the senior management team and internal audit and taking account of events since 31 July 2021.

Based on the advice of the Audit Committee and the Principal, the Corporation is of the opinion that the College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the life of the current financial forecast, 31 July 2021 and beyond. For this reason, the College continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 7 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Tony Minson

Chair

Jo Trump Principal

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance

The Corporation has considered its responsibility to notify the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of funding, under the Corporation's grant funding agreements and contracts with ESFA. As part of our consideration we have had due regard to the requirements of grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA.

We confirm on behalf of the corporation that after due enquiry, and to the best of our knowledge, we are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the corporation, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding, under the corporation's grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA, or any other public funder.

We confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the ESFA.

Approved by order of the members of the Corporation on 7 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Tony Minson Chair Jo Trump Principal

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM GROUP ACCOUNTS Statement of the Responsibilities of the Members of the Corporation Year ended 31 July 2021

The Members of the Corporation of the College are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

Within the terms and conditions of the College's grant funding agreements and contracts with ESFA, the Corporation, through its Accounting Officer, is required to prepare financial statements and an operating and financial review for each financial year in accordance with the *Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education*, ESFA's *College Accounts Direction 2020-21* and the UK's Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and its surplus / deficit of income over expenditure for that period.

In preparing the financial statements the Corporation is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess whether the corporation is a going concern, noting the key supporting assumptions qualifications or mitigating actions as appropriate; and
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the College will continue in operation.

The Corporation is also required to prepare a Members' Report which describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including the legal and administrative status of the College.

The Corporation is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the College and enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and Charities Act 2011, and relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it in order to safeguard the assets of the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The maintenance and integrity of the College website is the responsibility of the Corporation of the College; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the corporation are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition, they are responsible for ensuring that funds from the ESFA, and any other public funds, are used only in accordance with the ESFA's grant funding agreements and contracts and any other conditions that may be prescribed from time to time by the ESFA, or any other public funder. Members of the Corporation must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public and other funds and ensure

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM GROUP ACCOUNTS Statement of the Responsibilities of the Members of the Corporation (continued) Year ended 31 July 2021

they are used properly. In addition, Members of the Corporation are responsible for securing economic, efficient and effective management of the corporation's resources and expenditure so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds from the ESFA and other public bodies are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation and signed on behalf of the Corporation:

Tony Minson

Chair 7 December 2021

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Independent Auditor's Report to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College Year ended 31 July 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hills Road Sixth Form College for the year ended 31 July 2021 which comprise the Group statement of comprehensive income, the Group and College statement of changes in reserves, the Group and College balance sheets, the Group statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies, and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group and College's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of its deficit of income under expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members of the Corporation's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and College's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members of the Corporation with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The members of the Corporation are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2021

explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Post 16 Code of Practice issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept;
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- all the information and explanations required for the audit were not received.

Responsibilities of Governors

As explained more fully in the statement of responsibilities of members of the Corporation, the members of the Corporation are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members of the Corporation determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members of the Corporation are responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members of the Corporation either intend to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Independent Auditor's Report to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College (continued) Year ended 31 July 2021

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Group through discussions with management, and from our knowledge and experience of the sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Group, including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992, funding agreements with the ESFA and associated funding rules, ESFA regulations, data protection legislation, anti-bribery, safeguarding, employment, health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Group's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions; and
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in the accounting policies were indicative of potential bias;

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Independent Auditor's Report to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College (continued) Year ended 31 July 2021

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of Corporation meetings;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing any available correspondence with HMRC and the College's legal advisors (although none was noted as being received by the College).

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the members of the Corporation and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Governors, as a body, in accordance with the College's Articles of Government. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Governors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and Governors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Hugh Swainson

Buzzacott LLP
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS

Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College and Secretary of State for Education, acting through Education and Skills Funding Agency (the ESFA)

Year ended 31 July 2021

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 3 June 2020 and further to the requirements and conditions of funding in the ESFA's grant funding agreements and contracts, or those of any other public funder, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether anything has come to our attention that would suggest, in all material respects, the expenditure disbursed and income received by Hills Road Sixth Form College during the period 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 have not been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

The framework that has been applied is set out in the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice (the Code) issued by the ESFA and in any relevant conditions of funding concerning adult education notified by a relevant funder. In line with this framework, our work has specifically not considered income received from the main funding grants generated through the Individualised Learner Record data returns, for which the ESFA has other assurance arrangements in place.

This report is made solely to the corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept, or assume, responsibility to anyone other than the corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College and the ESFA for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Hills Road Sixth Form College and the reporting accountant

The corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College is responsible, under the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent legislation and related regulations and guidance, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed, and income received, are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament, and the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Code. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received, during the period 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS

Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to the Corporation of Hills Road Sixth Form College and Secretary of State for Education, acting through Education and Skills Funding Agency (the ESFA) (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2021

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Code issued by the ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in that framework. The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity. A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion. Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity of the corporation's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- An assessment of the risk of material irregularity and impropriety across all of the College's activities;
- Further testing and review of the areas identified through the risk assessment including enquiry, identification of control processes and examination of supporting evidence across all areas identified as well as additional verification work where considered necessary; and
- Consideration of evidence obtained through the work detailed above and the work completed as part of our financial statements audit in order to support the regularity conclusion.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects, the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament, and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities that govern them.

Buzzacelt (LP Hugh Swainson
Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL
Date

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Year ended 31 July 2021

		Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31 July 2020	
	Note	Group £000	College £000	Group £000	College £000
INCOME Funding body grants Tuition fees and Education contracts Other income Investment income Donations and endowments	2 3 4 5 6	12,707 368 815 2 2	12,707 368 741 2 2	10,958 564 1,189 10	10,958 564 1,210 10
Total Income		13,894	13,820	12,721	12,742
EXPENDITURE Staff costs Other operating expenses Depreciation Interest and other finance costs	7 8 10 9	10,619 2,561 723 109	10,619 2,541 723 109	9,641 2,462 689 94	9,635 2,499 689 94
Total Expenditure		14,012	13,992	12,886	12,917
Deficit on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and before tax		(118)	(172)	(165)	(175)
Surplus generated by subsidiary undertaking and transferred to the College under Gift Aid		-	54	-	10
Deficit on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and tax		(118)	(118)	(165)	(165)
Actuarial loss in respect of pension schemes		(21)	(21)	(2,475)	(2,475)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(139)	(139)	(2,640)	(2,640)

The Income and Expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities.

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Consolidated and College Statement of Changes in Reserves Year ended 31 July 2021

Section Sect		Income and expenditure account	Revaluation reserve	Restricted reserve	Total
College	Group	9,210	3,964	41	13,215
Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91		(2.640)	_	_	(2.640)
College	Other comprehensive income	(2,040)			(2,040)
Balance at 31 July 2020 6,661 3,873 41 10,575 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 31 July 2021 6,614 3,781 41 10,436 College Balance at 1 August 2019 9,192 3,964 41 13,197 College Balance at 1 August 2019 1 (91) - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - (2,640) Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)		91	(91)	-	-
Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139) Balance at 31 July 2021 6,614 3,781 41 10,436 College Balance at 1 August 2019 9,192 3,964 41 13,197 Balance at 1 August 2019 - - - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - - Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	-	(2,549)	(91)	-	(2,640)
Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139) Balance at 31 July 2021 6,614 3,781 41 10,436 College Balance at 1 August 2019 9,192 3,964 41 13,197 Balance at 1 August 2019 (2,640) - - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - - Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	Balance at 31 July 2020	6,661	3,873	41	10,575
Transfers between revaluation and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - (139)	Other comprehensive income	(139)	-	-	(139)
College		92	(92)	-	-
College Balance at 1 August 2019 9,192 3,964 41 13,197 Other comprehensive income (2,640) - - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - - (2,549) (91) - (2,640) Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)		(47)	(92)	-	(139)
Balance at 1 August 2019 Comprehensive income (2,640) - - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - - (2,549) (91) - (2,640) Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	Balance at 31 July 2021	6,614	3,781	41	10,436
Balance at 1 August 2019 Other comprehensive income (2,640) - - (2,640) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) - - (2,549) (91) - (2,640) Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) - - (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) - - Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	=				
Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 91 (91) (2,640) Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) Total comprehensive income for the year		9,192	3,964	41	13,197
1	Other comprehensive income	(2,640)	-	-	(2,640)
Balance at 31 July 2020 6,643 3,873 41 10,557 Other comprehensive income (139) (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)		91	(91)	-	-
Other comprehensive income (139) (139) Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	-	(2,549)	(91)	-	(2,640)
Transfers between revaluation and income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	Balance at 31 July 2020	6,643	3,873	41	10,557
income and expenditure reserves 92 (92) Total comprehensive income for the year (47) (92) - (139)	Other comprehensive income	(139)	-	-	(139)
the year		92	(92)	-	-
Balance at 31 July 2021 6,596 3,781 41 10,418		(47)	(92)	-	(139)
	Balance at 31 July 2021	6,596	3,781	41	10,418

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS

Balance Sheets as at 31 July 2021

	Note	Group	College	Group	College
		2021	2021	2020	2020
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Non current assets Tangible fixed assets	10	20,627	20,627	21,006	21,006
		20,627	20,627	21,006	21,006
Current assets					
Stocks		19	18	22	21
Trade and other receivables	12	495	511	422	428
Investments	11	1	1	1	1
Cash and other equivalents	17	3,403	3,344	2,178 2,623	2,152 2,602
Less Creditors: amounts		3,918	3,874	2,023	2,002
falling due within one year	13	(1,407)	(1,381)	(891)	(888)
Net current assets	-	2,511	2,493	1,732	1,714
Total assets less current liabilities		23,138	23,120	22,738	22,720
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(5,964)	(5,964)	(6,239)	(6,239)
Provisions Defined benefit obligations	16	(6,738)	(6,738)	(5,924)	(5,924)
Total net assets		10,436	10,418	10,575	10,557
Restricted reserves					
Endowed funds		41	41	41	41
Total restricted reserves	2	41	41	41	41
Unrestricted Reserves					
Income and expenditure account		6,614	6,596	6,661	6,643
Revaluation reserve		3,781	3,781	3,873	3,873
Total unrestricted reserves		10,395	10,377	10,534	10,516
Total Reserves		10,436	10,418	10,575	10,557

The financial statements were approved by the Corporation and authorised for issue on 7 December 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Tony Minson

Chair

Ms Jo Trump Principal

HILLS ROAD SIXTH FORM COLLEGE GROUP ACCOUNTS Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year ended 31 July 2021

Year ended 31 July 2021			2021 £000	2020 £000
Cash flows from Operating Activities Deficit for the year	(139)	(2,640)		
Adjustment for non-cash items Depreciation Decease in stocks Increase in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors due wi Decrease in creditors due after one year	723 3 (73) 537 (170) 726	689 12 (32) (183) (172) 2,944		
Adjustment for investing or financi Investment income Interest payable	(2) 109	(10) 94		
Net cash flows from operating activ	1,714	702		
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income Payments made to acquire fixed assets	2 (344)	10 (277)		
			(342)	(267)
Cash flows from financing activities Interest paid Capital element of finance lease rental Repayments of amounts borrowed	(21) (20) (106)	(28) (24) (116)		
			(147)	(168)
Increase in cash and cash equivale	1,225	267		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	2,178	1,911		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the	3,403	2,178		
Analysis on changes in net debt				
Cash	As at 1 August 2020 2,178	Cash flows 1,225	Other non-cash changes -	As at 31 July 2021 3,403
Loans falling due within one year Loans falling due outside of one year	(107) (1,066)	108	(105) 105	(104) (961)
	(1,173)	108	-	(1,065)
Total	1,005	1,333		2,338

The notes on pages 34 to 56 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Accounts

1. Statement of Accounting Policies and estimation techniques

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (the 2019 FE HE SORP), the College Accounts Direction for 2020 to 2021 and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 – "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102). The College is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the College's accounting policies.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the College and its subsidiary, Cantabrigian Limited, controlled by the Group. Control is achieved where the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Intra-group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation. In accordance with FRS 102, the activities of the student union have not been consolidated because the College does not control those activities. All financial statements are made up to 31 July 2021.

Going Concern

The activities of the College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Operating and Financial Review.

The College has a national reputation and is acknowledged as amongst the best in the country for successful outcomes from examination results and university progression. This, together with consistent oversubscription for student places, ensures that the College is maintained on a sound operational footing.

The College has a proactive approach to risk management, with senior managers tasked with identifying any new risks and monitoring and evaluating previously identified risks every term. The risk register is reviewed by the audit committee each term and annually by the Corporation along with an annual presentation of a risk report.

The financial position of the College is strong with hard-working, qualified staff running the finances of the College all carefully scrutinised and approved by the College Strategy Team, the Corporation and external auditors. The College has entered into loans with a remaining balance of £1.065 million, to assist with Phase V of the College's Property Strategy. The cashflow, liquidity and borrowings are described in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes.

The College has a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

In making this assessment, the College has taken into consideration the impact of Covid-19 on the College's activities, budgets and forecasts.

Recognition of income

Revenue Grant Funding

Government revenue grants include funding body recurrent grants and other grants and are accounted for under the accrual model as permitted by FRS 102. Funding body recurrent grants are recognised in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under achievement for the Adult Education Budget is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year end reconciliation process with the funding body at the end of November following the year end, and the results of any funding audits. 16-18 learner responsive funding is not normally subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments.

Grants from non-government sources are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Capital Grant Funding

Government capital grants are capitalised, held as deferred income and recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset, under the accrual method as permitted by FRS 102. Other capital grants are recognised in income when the College is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Fee Income

Income from Tuition Fees is recognised in the period for which it is receivable and includes all fees chargeable to students or to their sponsors.

Investment Income

All income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned on a receivable basis.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of certain discretionary support funds. Related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure of the College where the College is exposed to minimal risk or enjoys minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

Accounting for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits to employees of the College are principally provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit plans, which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension.

Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS)

The TPS is an unfunded scheme. Contributions to the TPS are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of valuations using a prospective benefit method.

The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution plan and the contributions recognised as an expense in the income statement in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Cambridgeshire Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The LGPS is a funded scheme. The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing fair values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit credit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in interest and other finance costs.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income.

Short term Employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the Group. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the Group expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

Enhanced Pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced on-going pension to a former member of staff is paid by a College annually. An estimate of the expected future cost of any enhancement to the on-going pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the Group's income and expenditure account in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years a charge is made to provisions in the balance sheet using the enhanced pension spreadsheet provided by the funding bodies.

Non-current Assets - Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the FE HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Land and buildings

The College's buildings are specialised buildings and therefore it is not appropriate to value them on the basis of open market value. Land and buildings inherited from the Local Education Authority are stated in the balance sheet at valuation on the basis of depreciated replacement cost. Land and buildings acquired since incorporation are included in the balance sheet at cost inclusive of any irrecoverable VAT. Freehold land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an infinite useful life.

The main College buildings are depreciated over their expected useful economic life to the College of 60 years and the Sports Centre over 40 years. Photo-voltaic cells are depreciated over 25 years.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants, they are capitalised and depreciated as explained in Recognition of Income above.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of any fixed asset may not be recoverable.

On adoption of FRS 102, the College followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings, which were revalued in 1992 as deemed cost but not to adopt a policy of revaluations of these properties in the future.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs, incurred to 31 July 2021. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Subsequent expenditure on existing fixed assets

Where significant expenditure is incurred on tangible fixed assets after initial purchase it is charged to income in the period it is incurred, unless it increases the future benefits to the College, in which case it is capitalised and depreciated on the relevant basis.

Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item is recognised as expenditure in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Equipment is depreciated over its useful economic life using the straight line method.

The capital areas are depreciated as follows:

Equipment	10 years	straight line
Furniture	10 years	straight line
Audio Visual equipment	5 years	straight line
Reprographics equipment	5 years	straight line
I.T. equipment	5 years	straight line
Sports Equipment	5 years	straight line

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

Leased assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term to the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure. Any lease premiums or incentives relating to leases signed after 1 August 2014 are spread over the minimum lease term.

Leasing agreements which transfer to the College substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as finance leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised initially at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments) at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Assets held under finance leases are included in tangible fixed assets and depreciated and assessed for impairment losses in the same way as owned assets.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment in the individual financial statements.

Other investments

Listed investments held as non-current assets and current asset investments, which may include listed investments, are stated at fair value, with movements recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Investments comprising unquoted equity instruments are measured at fair value, estimated using a valuation technique.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of their cost (using the first in, first out (FIFO) method) and net realisable value, being selling price less costs to complete and sell. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective items.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All loans, investments and short term deposits held by the Group are classified as basic financial instruments in accordance with FRS 102. These instruments are initially recorded at the transaction price less any transaction costs (historical cost). FRS 102 requires that basic financial instruments are subsequently measured at

amortised cost, however the Group has calculated that the difference between the historical cost and amortised cost basis is not material and so these financial instruments are stated on the balance sheet at historical cost. Loans and investments that are payable or receivable within one year are not discounted.

Taxation

The College is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by section 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The College is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover a minor element of VAT charged on its inputs. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

The College's subsidiary company, Cantabrigian Limited, is subject to Corporation tax and VAT in the same way as any commercial organisation.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when:

- the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period it arises.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the College a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the College. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the balance sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

- Determine whether leases entered into by the College either as a lessor or a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.
- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cashgenerating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

• Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

• Local Government Pension Scheme

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 20, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. The actuary has used a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2021. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

• Estimating future income and expenditure for the purpose of assessing going concern.

Management review budgets, forecasts and actual results in the months after the date of these accounts to determine the going concern assessment.

2. Funding Body Grants

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2021 Group £000	2021 College £000	2020 Group £000	2020 College £000
Recurrent grants ESFA 16-18 Funding	12,376	12,376	10,701	10,701
ESFA Adult Funding Devolved Formula Capital Funding	, - 74	- 74	5 74	5 74
Free School Meals Funding Devolved Adult Education Budget	29 5	29 5	11 22	11 22
Specific grants Covid testing funding	78	78	_	_
Release of government capital grants	145	145	145	145
Total	12,707	12,707	10,958	10,958

3. Tuition Fees and Education Contracts

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2021	2021	2020	2020
	Group	College	Group	College
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adult education fees Music tuition fees	220	220	435	435
	39	39	54	54
Total tuition fees Education contracts	259	259	489	489
	109	109	75	75
Total	368	368	564	564

4. Other Income

	Year ended 31 July		Year ended 31 July	
	2021 Group £000	2021 College £000	2020 Group £000	2020 College £000
Release of deferred capital grants (non funding body)	27	27	27	27
Catering and residence operations	3	-	9	1
Other income generating activities	248	9	304	94
Exam fees	38	38	142	142
Educational visits income	102	102	358	358
Other income	290	257	286	286
Other income from Sports and Tennis Centre	-	201	-	239
Coronavirus job retention scheme grant	107	107	63	63
Total	815	741	1,189	1,210

5. Investment Income

		ended July	Year e 31 J	
	2021 Group £000	2021 College £000	2020 Group £000	2020 College £000
Bank interest receivable Total	2	2	10	10
	2	2	10	10

6. Donations - Group and College

	£000	£000
Unrestricted donations	2	
Total	2	<u> </u>

7. Staff Costs

The average monthly number of persons (including senior post holders) employed by the College during the year, expressed on a headcount basis, was:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
Teaching staff	214	229
Non-teaching staff	136_	132
	350	361

The average monthly number of persons (including senior post holders) employed by the College during the year, expressed on a FTE basis, was:

Teaching staff Non-teaching staff	2021 No. 106 97	2020 No. 105 93
	203	198
	2024	2020
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs (including FRS 102 (28) adjustments of £705,000 2020: £469,000)- see note 20	7,525 719 2,375	7,019 633 1,989
	10,619	9,641

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the College and are represented by the College Strategy Team which comprises the Principal, Deputy Principal, Assistant Principal - Finance and Operations, Assistant Principal - Quality & Systems and Assistant Principal - Curriculum Development.

Emoluments of Key management personnel, Accounting Officer and other higher paid staff

	2021	2020
	No.	No.
The number of key management personnel including the		
Accounting Officer was:	5	6

The number of key management personnel and other staff who received annual emoluments, excluding pension contributions and employer's national insurance but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

	Key management personnel (FTE)		Other staff (FTE)	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	No.	No.	No.	No.
£55,001 to £60,000 p.a	-	2	-	-
£60,001 to £65,000 p.a	2	1	1	-
£70,001 to £75,000 p.a.	-	1	-	-
£75,001 to £80,000 p.a.	2	1	-	-
£105,001 to £110,000 p.a	-	1	-	-
£110,001 to £115,000 p.a	1	-	-	-
	<u></u>	6		

Key management personnel emoluments are made up as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Salaries – gross of salary sacrifice and waived emoluments	341	368
Employers National Insurance	42	45
Benefits in kind		
	383	413
Pension contributions	79_	83
Total emoluments	462	496

There are salary sacrifice arrangements in place in respect of cycle scheme and childcare vouchers. Where applicable these have been included gross in salaries.

The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Accounting Officer (who is also the highest paid officer) of:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Salaries	115	109
Employer's National Insurance	14	14
Benefits in kind	-	-
	129	123
Pension contributions	26	25
Total emoluments	155	148

The remuneration package of key management staff, including the Accounting Officer, is subject to annual review by the Remuneration Committee of the governing body who use benchmarking information to provide objective guidance.

The Accounting Officer reports to the Chair of the Corporation, who undertakes an annual review of their performance against the College's overall objectives using both qualitative and quantitative measures of performance.

Relationship of Accounting Officer pay and remuneration expressed as a multiple.

	2021	2020	
	£000	£000	
Basic salary as a multiple of the median of all staff	2.2	2.7	
Total remuneration as a multiple of the median of all staff	2.2	2.7	

The Members of the Corporation other than the Principal and the Staff Members did not receive any payment from the College other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

8. Other Operating Expenses

	2021 Group £000	2021 College £000	2020 Group £000	2020 College £000
Teaching departments	289	289	234	234
Teaching support services	253	253	157	157
Other support services	72	72	61	61
Administration and central services	348	382	248	244
General education	473	471	633	630
Premises costs:				
Running costs	344	301	360	356
Maintenance	229	203	132	146
Rents and Leases	1	1	2	2
Planned maintenance	274	274	131	131
Catering and residence operations	78	74	27	19
Educational visits	82	82	358	358
Other expenses	118	139	119	161
	2,561	2,541	2,462	2,499

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Other operating expenses include:		
External auditor's remuneration:		
financial statements audit	18	18
other services	5	5
Internal auditor's remuneration	14	6
Depreciation	723	689
Hire of assets under operating leases	102	34

9. Interest and other finance costs – Group and College

	2021 £000	2020 £000
On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans:	21	28
Pension finance costs (note 20)	88	66
	109	94

10. Tangible Fixed Assets – Group and College

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Assets under construction £000	Equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation At 1 August 2020 Additions	28,819	18	5,546 326	34,365 344
At 31 July 2021	28,819	18	5,872	34,709
Depreciation At 1 August 2020 Charge for the year At 31 July 2021	8,665 480 9,145	- - -	4,694 243 4,937	13,359 723 14,082
Net book value At 31 July 2021	19,674	18_	935	20,627
At 31 July 2020	20,154		852	21,006
Financed by: Capital grant Inherited Other	5,069 3,781 10,824 19,674	- - 18	104 - 831 935	5,173 3,781 11,673 20,627

The carrying values of the Fixed Assets are recorded in accordance with the historical cost convention.

The deemed cost as at the date of transfer of inherited land and buildings was based on depreciated replacement cost.

If inherited land and buildings and equipment had not been valued, they would have been included on the historical cost basis at the following amounts:

Cost	£000
Aggregate depreciation based on cost	
Net book value based on cost	

Land, buildings and equipment with a net book value of £3,781,000 have been funded from Local Education Authority sources. Should these assets be sold, the College would either have to surrender the sale proceeds to the Education and Skills Funding Agency or use them in accordance with the financial memorandum with the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Fixed assets include land and buildings with a net book value of £2,966,000, which have been partially funded by a grant of £1,789,000 from the Further Education Funding Council; land and buildings with a net book value of £3,788,000 and £348,000 which have been partially funded by grants from the Learning and Skills Council of £1,737,000 and £321,000 respectively; land and buildings with a net book value of £870,000 which have been partially funded by a Building Condition Improvement fund grant from the Young People's Learning Agency of £108,000; land and buildings with a net book value of £4,035,000 which have been partially funded by a Building Condition Improvement fund grant of £1,492,000; land and buildings with a net book value of £568,000 which have been partially funded by a Condition Improvement fund grant of £302,000. Should these assets be sold, the College would either have to surrender the sale proceeds to the Education and Skills Funding Agency or use them in accordance with the financial memorandum with the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

11. Investments - Group and College

At 1 August 2020	Investments £000 1	Total £000 1
At 31 July 2021	1	1

Investments represent £1,000 capital invested in Government bonds. In addition, the Corporation of the College owns 100% of the issued Ordinary Shares of Cantabrigian Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, at a cost of £2. The principal business activity of Cantabrigian Limited is to help its parent further education corporation in the delivery of its principal objectives and to carry

on business as a Sports Centre, with such facilities and accommodation for indoor and outdoor sports or games, changing rooms, refreshments and other amenities as may be thought fit. Cantabrigian annually remits its profits to Hills Road Sixth Form College via gift aid and retains net assets of £15,000 on its Balance Sheet.

12. Trade and other receivables

Amounts falling due within one year	Group 2021 £000	College 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	College 2020 £000
Trade receivables	52	28	72	50
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	75	-	87
Prepayments and accrued income	443	408	350	291_
	495	511	422	428

13. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	Group	College	Group	College
	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Bank loan	104	104	105	105
Salix loan	-	-	2	2
Trade payables	431	412	97	89
Other taxation and social security	210	209	168	181
Accruals and deferred income	144	138	130	122
Finance lease	-	-	20	20
Holiday pay accrual	151	151	63	63
Deferred income – government capital grants	171	171	172	172
Payments received in advance	185	185	106	106
Amounts owed to the Education and Skills Funding Agency	-	-	28	28
Amounts owed to the Cambridge and Peterborough Combined Authority (Adult Education budget)	11	11	-	-
Total	1,407	1,381	891	888

14. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	Group 2021 £000	College 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	College 2020 £000
Bank loans Deferred income – government capital grants	961 5,003	961 5,003	1,066 5,173	1,066 5,173
Total	5,964	5,964	6,239	6,239

15. Maturity of debt

Bank loans and overdrafts

Barclays bank loan is repayable as follows:	Group 2021 £000	College 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	College 2020 £000
In one year or less	104	104	105	105
Between one and two years	105	105	105	105
Between two and five years	325	325	316	316
In five years or more	531	531_	645	645_
Total	1,065	1,065	1,171	1,171

The College received a loan of £1,616,984 from Barclays piecemeal between December 2015 and May 2016. At 31 July 2021, £1,064,970 remained. The loan is on a variable interest rate of 1.75% above the Base Rate and is payable over 10 years. At the end of 10 years, there will be around £500k to repay or a further loan could be taken out.

16. Provisions

	Defined benefit obligations	Restructuring	Enhanced pensions	Other	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
At 1 August 2020	5,924	-	-	-	5,924
Expenditure in the period	(601)				(601)
Additions in period	1,415	-	-	-	1,415
At 31 July 2021	6,738	-	-	_	6,738

Defined benefit obligations relates to the liabilities under the College's membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme. Further details are given in note 20.

17. Cash and cash equivalents (Group)

	At 1 August 2020 £000	Cash flows £000	Other changes	At 31 July 2021 £000
Cash and cash equivalents	2,178	1,225	-	3,403
Total	2,178	1,225	-	3,403

18. Capital and other commitments

		oup and ollege
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Commitments contracted for at 31 July 2021	402	83

19. Lease obligations

At 31 July the Group had minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Future minimum lease payments due	Group 2021 £000	College 2021 £000	Group 2020 £000	College 2020 £000
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five	95	84	44	32
years	95	68	53_	16
Total	190	152	97	48

20. Defined benefit obligations

The College's employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Cambridgeshire Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Cambridge County Council. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

Total pension cost for the year		2021 £000		2020 £000
Teachers' Pension Scheme contributions paid Local Government Pension Scheme:		1,069		1,008
Contributions paid FRS 102 (28) charge	601 		512 469	
Charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income		1,306		981
Total Pension Cost for Year within staff				
costs		2,375		1,989

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest actuarial valuations of the TPS was 31 March 2016 and the LGPS 31 March 2019. Contributions amounting to nil (2020: £nil) were payable to the schemes at 31 July and are included in creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS)

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. These regulations apply to teachers in schools and other educational establishments in England and Wales, including academies, that are maintained by local authorities. In addition, teachers in many independent and voluntary-aided schools and teachers and lecturers in some establishments of further and higher education may be eligible for membership. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers and lecturers and, from 1 January 2007, automatic for teachers and lecturers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract. Teachers and lecturers are able to opt out of the TPS.

The Teachers' Pension Budgeting And Valuation Account

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis – these contributions, along with those made by employers, are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the above Act. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102 (28.11), the TPS is a multi-employer pension plan. The College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the plan.

Accordingly, the College has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution plan. The College has set out above the information available on the plan and the implications for the College in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

Valuation of The Teachers' Pension Scheme

The valuation of the TPS is carried out in line with regulations made under the Public Service Pension Act 2013. Valuations credit the teachers' pension account with a real rate of return assuming funds are invested in notional investments that produce that real rate of return.

The latest actuarial review of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education (the Department) in April 2019. The valuation reported total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218 billion, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £198 billion giving a notional past service deficit of £22 billion.

As a result of the valuation, new employer contribution rates were set at 23.68% of pensionable pay from September 2019 onwards (compared to 16.48% during 2018-19). DfE has agreed to pay a teacher pension employer contribution grant to cover the additional costs during the 2020-21 academic year.

A full copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation can be found on the Teachers' Pension Scheme website.

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £1,069,000 (2020: £1,008,000).

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit plan, with the assets held in separate funds administered by Cambridgeshire Local Authority. The total contributions made for the year ended 31 July 2021 were £777,000, of which employer's contributions totalled £601,000 and employees' contributions totalled £176,000. The agreed contribution rates for forthcoming year are 23.1% for employers and range from 5.5% to 9.9% for employees, depending on salary.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2019 updated to 31 July 2021 by a qualified independent actuary.

	At 31	At 31
	July	July
	2021	2020
Rate of increase in salaries	3.3%	2.6%
Future pensions increases	2.8%	2.1%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	1.6%	1.4%

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	At 31 July 2021	At 31 July 2020
	Years	years
Retiring today		
Males	22.2	22.0
Females	24.4	24.0
Retiring in 20 years		
Males	23.2	22.7
Females	26.2	25.5

The College's share of the assets in the plan at the balance sheet date and the expected rates of return were:

	Fair Value at 31 July 2021 £000	Fair Value at 31 July 2020 £000
Equity instruments Debt instruments Property Cash Total fair value of plan assets	9,323 2,366 1,948 278 13,915	7,720 1,342 1,678 448 11,188
Weighted average expected long term rate of return	1.6%	1.4%
Actual return on plan assets	16.8%	(3.7%)

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Fair value of plan assets	13,915	11,188
Present value of plan liabilities	(20,653)	(17,112)
Net pensions liability	(6,738)	(5,924)

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of the plan are as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts included in staff costs		
Current service cost	1,306	981
Past service cost	-	-
Total	1,306	981
Amounts included in interest and other finance co	osts	
Pension finance costs	(88)	(66)

Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

Return on pension plan assets	2,053	(168)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value	(2.050)	(4.404)
of plan liabilities	(2,056)	(1,431)
Other experience	234	(464)
Changes in demographic assumptions	(252)	(412)
Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(21)	(2,475)
•	<u> </u>	· /
Movement in net defined benefit (liability)/asset du	ıring year	
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Net defined benefit (liability) in scheme at 1 August	(5,924)	(2,914)
Movement in year:		
Current service cost	(1,306)	(981)
Employer contributions	601	`512
Net interest on the defined (liability)/asset	(88)	(66)
Actuarial loss	(21)	(2,475)
Net defined benefit (liability)/asset at 31 July	(6,738)	(5,924)
Asset and Liability Reconciliation		
Asset and Liability Reconciliation		
	2021	2020
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obl	£000 igations	£000
Defined benefit obligations at start of period	17,112	13,647
Current service cost	1,306	981
Interest cost	248	296
Contributions by scheme participants	176	156
Changes in financial assumptions	2,056	1,431
Changes in demographic assumptions	252	412
Other Experience	(234)	464
Estimated benefits paid	(263)	(275)
Defined benefit obligations at end of period	20,653	17,112

Changes in fair value of plan assets

Fair value of plan assets at start of period	11,188	10,733
Interest on plan assets	160	230
Return on plan assets	2,053	(168)
Employer contributions	601	512
Contributions by scheme participants	176	156
Estimated benefits paid	(263)	(275)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	13,915	11,188

21. Events after the reporting period

There are no significant post balance sheet events.

22. Related Party Transactions

Due to the nature of the College's operations and the composition of the Corporation (being drawn from local public and private sector organisations) it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a Member of the Corporation may have an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a Member of

the Corporation may have an interest are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the College's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures. No transactions were identified which should be disclosed.

Transactions with the Education and Skills Funding Agency are detailed in note 2.

No travel and subsistence expenses and other out of pocket expenses were incurred by any member of the Corporation in attending Corporation meetings and charity events in their official capacity.

No member of the Corporation has received any remuneration or waived payments from the College or its subsidiaries during the year (2019-20: none).

23. Amounts disbursed as agent

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Balance unspent at 31 July	9	-
Funding body grants – bursary support	99 108	<u>76</u> 76
Disbursed to students Administration costs	(72) (3) 33	(64) (3) 9

Funding body grants are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the College only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income.